

CH104 Practice exam 3 KEY

1. 62.4 L
2. 5.38 L
3. 0.888 L
4. 6.70×10^{-2} L
5. 111 mL
6. 44.8 L
7. 252 L
8. 15.6 g
9. 2.00 atm
10. $O_2/N_2 = 7.62$
11. Volume $N_2 = 8.47$ L Volume $H_2O = 33.9$ L
12. $6H_2O + P_4O_{10} \rightarrow 4H_3PO_4$
13. $C_8H_{18} + 12.5O_2 \rightarrow 8CO_2 + 9H_2O$
14. $Li + H_2O \rightarrow LiOH + \frac{1}{2} H_2$
15. $Ca(OH)_2 + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2 + 2H_2O$
16. $8Na + SF_6 \rightarrow Na_2S + 6NaF$
17. 6.52%
18. 6.5%
19. 2.9%
20. 15.7 g
21. 25 g
22. 0.135%
23. 0.144 M
24. 84.1 g
25. 2.00 L
26. 4.7 mL
27. 0.0545 M
28. 0.400 M
29. 0.01
30. combustion
31. decomposition
32. precipitation
33. van der Waal's
34. vapor pressure lowering/ freezing point depression/ boiling point elevation/
osmotic pressure
35. boiling point elevation and higher temperature speeds cooking reaction
36. osmotic pressure
37. pressure or temperature
38. exothermic
39. entropy
40. 10.0 kcal
41. decreases
42. increases
43. increases

44. decreases
45. $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$
46. ΔG free energy change
 ΔH enthalpy change
 T temperature in Kelvin
 ΔS entropy change
47. 1. Like text Fig. 7.11b with small activation "hill"
 2. Like 7.11a with large hill
48. Like Fig. 7.11 a and b, but endothermic, so reactants at lower energy than products.
49. $\text{rate} = k[\text{H}_2\text{O}_2]^2$
50. rate increases
51. $2\text{SO}_3 \leftrightarrow 2\text{SO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \quad K_{\text{eq}} = \frac{[\text{SO}_2]^2[\text{O}_2]}{[\text{SO}_3]^2}$
52. $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4 \leftrightarrow 3\text{H}^+ + \text{PO}_4^{3-} \quad K_{\text{eq}} = \frac{[\text{H}^+]^3[\text{PO}_4^{3-}]}{[\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4]}$
53. $2\text{NO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \leftrightarrow \text{HNO}_3 + \text{HNO}_2 \quad K_{\text{eq}} = \frac{[\text{HNO}_3][\text{HNO}_2]}{[\text{NO}_2]^2[\text{H}_2\text{O}]}$
54. equilibrium shifts to the left
55. left
56. left
57. right